PERQUIMANS COUNTY

North Carolina

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2019

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FINANCIAL SECTION

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Wallace Nelson, Chair

Fondella Leigh, Vice Chair Alan Lennon Charles Woodard Joseph W. Hoffler Kyle Jones

Mary P. Hunnicutt, Clerk to the Board Hackney High, Jr., County Attorney

Office of the County Manager

W. Frank Heath III, County Manager Tracy Mathews, Finance Officer Mary P. Hunnicutt, Secretary

Jacqueline Frierson, Register of Deeds William F. Jennings, Tax Supervisor Holly Hunter, Elections Director Jonathan Nixon, Communications Jonathan Nixon, EMS Coordinator Howard Williams, Recreation Director Janet Stallings, Soil Conservation Sam Barrow, County Planner Shelby White, Sheriff Nick Lolies, Water Plant Superintendent Robin Trueblood, Bldg. & Grounds Supervisor Virgil Parrish, Chief Building Inspector Preston Spear, Veterans Services Coordinator Jewel Winslow, Chairman Extension Services Susan Chaney, Director Social Services Stephen Chappell, Animal Control Officer Beverly Gregory, Senior Citizens

DONNA H. WINBORNE, CPA, P.C.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Perquimans County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Perquimans County, North Carolina, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Perquimans County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

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Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Perquimans County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 13, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, pages and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund schedules of the County's 62 and 63. Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions on pages 64 and 65, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, pages 66 and 67, and the Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 68. be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Perquimans County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, based on my

audit and the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 20, 2019 on my consideration of Perquimans County's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose the report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Perquimans County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Muborne, CPA, P.C.

Edenton, North Carolina November 20, 2019

Perquimans County Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Perquimans County, we offer readers of Perquimans County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Perquimans County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Perquimans County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$17,588,995 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$3,294,762, primarily due to an increase in current and capital assets (State monies allocated for marine park) and a decrease in long-term liabilities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Perquimans County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,216,622, an increase of \$2,211,218 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55.4 percent of this total amount, or \$5,104,338, is restricted, committed or assigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,112,284 or 26.37 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,525,400 or 35.42% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year. The total fund balance minus funds reserved by State statute was \$4,878,088, or 31% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Perquimans County's total debt decreased by \$1,387,541 (11.2%) during the current fiscal year.
- Perquimans County has a North Carolina Municipal Council rating of 78, which is considered investment grade.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Perquimans County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Perquimans County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 10) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-

major governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plans.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the water and solid waste services offered by Perquimans County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Perquimans County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Perquimans County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her

determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Perquimans County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – Perquimans County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Perquimans County uses enterprise funds to account for its water activity and for its solid waste operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Perquimans County has seven fiduciary funds, all of which are agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 25 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Perquimans County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17,588,995 as of June 30, 2019. The County's net position increased by \$3,294,762 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. One of the largest portions reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Perquimans County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Perquimans County's investment in its capital

assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Perquimans County's net position, \$4,401,026, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$(1,831,185) is unrestricted.

Perquimans County's Net Position

Figure 2

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	Ial		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 10,477,763	\$ 8,200,861	\$ 2,458,825	\$2,527,042	\$ 12,936,588	\$ 10,727,903		
Capital Assets	10,328,553	10,410,677	9,084,476	9,187,491	19,413,029	19,598,168		
Total Assets	20,806,316	18,611,538	11,543,301	11,714,533	32,349,617	30,326,071		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	1,190,701	789,994	96,523	65,765	1,287,224	855,759		
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	12,678,521	13,297,151	2,487,267	2,840,281	15,165,788	16,137,432		
Other Liabilities	309,195	313,360	309,188	221,725	618,383	535,085		
Total Liabilities	12,987,716	13,610,511	2,796,455	3,062,006	15,784,171	16,672,517		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	249,458	203,193	14,217	11,887	263,675	215,080		
Net Position								
Net investments in capital assets	8,113,293	7,834,259	6,905,861	6,627,185	15,019,154	14,461,444		
Restricted	4,401,026	1,577,893		-	4,401,026	1,577,893		
Unrestricted	(3,754,476)	(3,824,324)	1,923,291	2,079,220	(1,831,185)	(1,745,104)		
Total Net Position	\$ 8,759,843	\$ 5,587,828	\$ 8,829,152	\$ 8,706,405	\$ 17,588,995	\$ 14,294,233		

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 97.1%, higher than the average for counties with a population less than 25,000 of 96.9%. (Source: NC Treasurer, County Cash, Taxes and Fund Balance Available, 2018)
- Management's proactive stance on monitoring spending across County departments.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the County's low total indebtedness. The North Carolina Municipal Council has rated Perquimans County at 78, which is considered to be eligible for investment by banks.

Perquimans County's Changes in Net Position

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	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$1,387,240	\$1,444,716	\$3,131,819	\$3,092,868	\$ 4,519,059	\$ 4,537,584
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,327,602	2,011,044	5,400	13,740	2,333,002	2,024,784
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,280,155	92,153	25,242	141,373	3,305,397	233,526
General Revenue:						
Property Taxes	8,786,465	8,636,270	~	1.2	8,786,465	8,636,270
Other Taxes	2,951,268	2,799,257		-	2,951,268	2,799,257
Other	233,540	111,915	14,526	7,374	248,066	119,289
Total Revenue	18,966,270	15,095,355	3,176,987	3,255,355	22,143,257	18,350,710
Expenses:						
General Government	2,312,952	1,367,377		~	2,312,952	1,367,377
Public Safety	5,644,804	5,029,490			5,644,804	5,029,490
Economic and Physical Developme	249,284	186,528		1.9	249,284	186,528
Environmental Protection	348,193	342,542			348,193	342,542
Human Services	2,400,852	2,269,549		~~.	2,400,852	2,269,549
Cultural and Recreation	773,067	1,589,947		-	773,067	1,589,947
Education	3,822,280	3,934,487	-	-	3,822,280	3,934,487
Interest on Long-term Debt	227,373	251,324			227,373	251,324
Solid Waste Operations	-	*	884,737	914,421	884,737	914,421
Water Operations			2,169,503	2,309,610	2,169,503	2,309,610
Total Expenses	15,778,805	14,971,244	3,054,240	3,224,031	18,833,045	18,195,275
Transfers	(15,450)	(15,000)			(15,450)	(15,000
ncrease in Net Position	3,172,015	109,111	122,747	31,324	3,294,762	140,435
Net position, beginning	5,587,828	7,066,707	8,706,405	8,813,167	14,294,233	15,879,874
Restatement		(1,587,990)		(138,086)	-	(1,726,076
Net position, beginning, restated	5,587,828	5,478,717	8,706,405	8,675,081	14,294,233	14,153,798
Net position, ending	\$8,759,843	\$5,587,828	\$8,829,152	\$8,706,405	\$17,588,995	\$14,294,233

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$3,172,015. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Increase in capital grants and contributions.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased Perquimans County's net position by \$122,747. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

• Decrease in total expenses.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Perquimans County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Perquimans County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Perquimans County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Perquimans County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Perquimans County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$4,112,284, while total fund balance reached \$5,525,400. The County currently has an available fund balance of 26.37% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 35.42% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Perquimans County reported a combined fund balance of \$9,216,622, a 31.56% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$523,499.

Proprietary Funds. Perquimans County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Total net position of the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$538,732 and net position for the Water Fund equaled \$8,290,420. The total increase in net position for the Solid Waste fund was \$106,950. The total increase in the Water fund was \$15,797. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Perquimans County's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Perquimans County's capital assets for its governmental and business – type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$19,413,029 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, recreational facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

EMS Ambulance, sheriff's vehicles, tax software conversion.

· Manley well site improvements for Bethel water plant, radio read meters.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total				
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Land	\$ 1,062,407	\$ 1,062,407	\$ 160,006	\$ 160,006	\$ 1,222,413	\$ 1,222,413			
Construction in progress	726,052	721,675		286,803	726,052	1,008,478			
Buildings and Systems	7,145,111	7,169,770	8,838,631	8,619,750	15,983,742	15,789,520			
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	1,394,983	1,456,825	85,839	120,932	1,480,822	1,577,757			
Total	\$10,328,553	\$10,410,677	\$9,084,476	\$ 9,187,491	\$19,413,029	\$19,598,168			

Perquimans County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, Perquimans County had no total bonded debt outstanding for the General Fund.

Installment Obligation Debt. As of June 30, 2019 Perquimans County had \$8,840,429 in installment purchases outstanding for the General Fund.

Perquimans County's Outstanding Debt

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total					
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018				
Installment Agreement Indebtedness	\$ 8,840,429	\$ 9,846,279	\$ 2,178,615	\$ 2,560,306	\$ 11,019,044	\$ 12,406,585				
Compensated absences	240,455	255,532	20,289	22,288	260,744	277,820				
Net pension liability (LGERS)	1,117,905	740,564	97,209	64,393	1,215,114	804,957				
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	281,466	231,899			281,466	231,899				
Total OPEB liability	2,198,266	2,222,877	191,154	193,294	2,389,420	2,416,171				
Total	\$12,678,521	\$ 13,297,151	\$ 2,487,267	\$ 2,840,281	\$ 15,165,788	\$ 16,137,432				

Perquimans County's total debt decreased by \$1387,541 (11.2%) during the past fiscal year.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Perquimans County is \$123,236,581.

Additional information regarding Perquimans County's long-term debt can be found beginning on page 55 of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the challenges of the County for next year's budget.

- The County's unemployment rate of 4.8% is more than the state average of 3.6% (Oct. 2019- N.C. Dept. of Commerce, Labor and economic Analysis Division)
- Some improvement in Sales Tax Revenues
- Continued suppressed economy-based revenues (Land Transfer Tax, Building Inspection Fees, and Registrar of Deed Fees)
- Continued challenges in property tax collection rate due to economic conditions

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: Perquimans County's Ad-valorem tax rate increased to \$0.59/\$100 value. Property tax revenues are expected to increase by approximately 0.71% as a result of new real estate construction. This will offset some of the economy-based revenue losses and provide funding for planned capital projects. Permit and fee revenues are expected be approximately the same as the FY 2015-2016 levels based on housing starts and real estate transactions. Sales taxes are expected to increase by 2-3% over FY 2018-19 levels.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are \$16.06 million. While representing an increase from last year's budgeted amount, this allows maintaining funding of recently increased school local current and capital expenses, an increase in County employee/retiree health care costs, increased allocations to the library and fire departments, new voting equipment and a part-time fire marshal position.

This budget includes a 2 percent cost of living increase for employees, and merit increases remain enacted for employees who are eligible.

Business – type Activities: The County continued seasonal water conservation rates in 2019. These rates are in effect May through October in hopes of encouraging water conservation during peak demand periods. Within FY 19-20, Perquimans will continue to pay for and receive 150,000 gallons of treated water per day from Pasquotank County. Water rates will continue at \$15 for the first 1,000 gallons, and \$7.00 per thousand for each additional thousand gallons. The seasonal rates, as discussed above, will continue to be \$9.00 per thousand above 8,000 gallons.

Perquimans will continue to invest in radio read water meter technology.

Rates for solid waste services will increase to \$140 per year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the County Manager, Perquimans County, P.O. Box 45, Hertford, NC 27944.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	P	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,615,850	\$ 1,691,482	\$ 7,307,332	\$ 18,865
Receivables (net)	752,798	530,741	1,283,539	-
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	205,313		205,313	
Due from other governments	865,966	29,741	895,707	108
Inventories		125,293	125,293	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3,011,653	77,604	3,089,257	
Net pension asset	22,759	-	22,759	
Loan fees	3,424	3,964	7,388	
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	1,085,605	160,006	1,245,611	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,242,948	8,924,470	18,167,418	-
Total capital assets	10,328,553	9,084,476	19,413,029	
Total assets	20,806,316	11,543,301	32,349,617	18,973
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,190,701	96,523	1,287,224	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	184,196	219,746	403,942	
Accrued interest payable	124,999	25,403	150,402	
	124,999	and the second	64,039	S
Customer deposits		64,039	04,039	7
Long-term liabilities:	1 000 005	400 400	1 671 000	
Due within one year	1,263,325	408,483	1,671,808	
Due in more than one year	11,415,196	2,078,784	13,493,980	
Total liabilities	12,987,716	2,796,455	15,784,171	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	249,458	14,217	263,675	<u></u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	8,113,293	6,905,861	15,019,154	4
Public Safety	171,000		171,000	- 4
Education	21,243		21,243	-
Register of Deeds	30,536		30,536	
Cultural and Recreation	2,882,325		2,882,325	
Register of Deeds pension plan	22,759		22,759	1.1
Stabilization by State Statute	647,312		647,312	
Capital Outlay	625,851		625,851	
Unrestricted	(3,754,476)	1,923,291	(1,831,185)	18,973
Total net position	\$ 8,759,843	\$ 8,829,152	\$ 17,588,995	\$ 18,973

Exhibit 1

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			-		Prog	ram Revenue	S		-					Changes in Net		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Primary Government al Business-type Activities		n	Total	Perqu County 1 Develo	erquimans nty Tourism velopment Authority
Primary government:																
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Economic and physical development	\$	2,312,952 5,644,804 249,284	\$	382,667 851,221	\$	15,369 631,598 147,569	\$	1.1.6	\$	(1,914,916) (4,161,985) (101,715)	\$	i	\$	(1,914,916) (4,161,985) (101,715)		
Environmental protection		348,193		1.040		40,265				(307,928)		-		(307,928)		
Human services		2,400,852		1.1.1.1.1		1,483,380		Service Service		(917,472)				(917,472)		
Cultural and recreational		773,067		23,672		9,421		2,882,325		2,142,351		÷.		2,142,351		
Education Interest on long-term debt		3,822,280 227,373		129,680				397,830		(3,294,770) (227,373)				(3,294,770) (227,373)		
Total governmental activities	_	15,778,805	-	1,387,240		2,327,602		3,280,155	1	(8,783,808)		-	_	(8,783,808)		
Business-type activities:																
Solid waste		884,737		990,678								105,941		105,941		
Water	-	2,169,503	_	2,141,141		5,400	-	25,242	-			2,280	1.1	2,280		
Total business-type activities	-	3,054,240	-	3,131,819	-	5,400	-	25,242	-		-	108,221		108,221		
Total primary government	\$	18,833,045	\$	4,519,059	\$	2,333,002	\$	3,305,397	_	(8,783,808)	2 -	108,221	_	(8,675,587)		
Component unit: Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority	\$	32,405	\$	10,644	\$	-41	\$	-							\$	(21,761
				eral revenue: xes:	s:											
					s, lev	ried for gener	al pu	poses		8,786,465		-		8,786,465		
				ocal option s				· ALLE		2,541,886		-		2,541,886		
			(Other taxes a	nd lic	censes				409,382		1		409,382		÷
				restricted int						47,240		1.55		47,240		•
						, unrestricted	6			76,349		14,526		90,875		154
			Mi	scellaneous,				6.7946.C	_	109,951	_			109,951	_	2,465
			-	and the second sec	al rev	enues exclue	aing t	ransiers	-	11,971,273		14,526		11,985,799		2,619
			Tran	sfers			and.		-	(15,450)	-	14 506	_	(15,450)		15,450
						enues and tr	anste	irs	_	11,955,823		14,526	-	11,970,349	-	18,069
				Change in r						3,172,015		122,747		3,294,762		(3,692)
				position, begi		9			\$	5,587,828 8,759,843	C	8,706,405 8,829,152	¢	14,294,233	\$	22,665
			Net	position, endi	ng				9	0,709,043	Ð	0,029,152	ф	17,000,990	\$	10,973

		N	lajor		N	lon-major		
	Ge	eneral Fund	Co	County Instruction ital Projects Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,995,483		90,896	\$	529,471	\$	5,615,850
Receivables, net		752,798						752,798
Due from other funds		20,200		1.1				20,200
Due from other governments		664,113		6,379		195,474		865,966
Restricted cash	-	120,988	-	2,882,325	-	8,340	-	3,011,653
Total assets	\$	6,553,582	\$	2,979,600	\$	733,285	\$	10,266,467
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances								
Liabilities			1.21			1.144		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	182,738	\$		\$	1,463	\$	184,20
Due to other funds	-	-	_		_	20,200	-	20,20
Total liabilities	-	182,738	-	*	-	21,663	-	204,40
Deferred inflows of resources	_	845,444	_		_		_	845,444
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by State Statute		647,312				161,803		809,11
Register of Deeds		30,536		14				30,53
Department of Justice Forfeiture Program		9,197						9,19
School Capital				1000		21,243		21,24
NC Department of Commerce Water Resource Grant				2,882,325				2,882,32
Committed:								
Tax revaluation		120,988						120,98
Assigned:								
Future County Capital Outlay				97,275		528,576		625,85
Subsequent year's expenditures		605,083		*				605,08
Unassigned	_	4,112,284			_		-	4,112,28
Total fund balances	-	5,525,400	_	2,979,600		711,622		9,216,62
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resouces,								
and fund balances	\$	6,553,582	\$	2,979,600	\$	733,285		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the	A Standards
funds	10,328,553
Net loan fees	3,424
Net pension asset	22,759
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	284,158
Benefit payments and administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	f 178,825
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	9,069
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds	205,313
Net pension liability - LGERS	(1,117,905)
OPEB liability	(2,198,266)
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	(281,466)
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable	789,798
Pension related deferrals	647,299
LEOSSA related deferrals	34,108
OPEB related deferrals	(156,565)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	t
reported in the funds	(9,205,883)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,759,843

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Major		Non-major	
	General Fund	County Construction Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,741,308	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,741,308
Local option sales taxes	2,541,886	÷	φ	2,541,886
Other taxes and licenses	22,507	100		22,507
Unrestricted intergovernmental	47,240			47,240
Restricted intergovernmental	1,657,426	2,882,325	1,477,332	6,017,083
Permits and fees	351,895	2,002,020	1,477,002	351,895
Sales and services	881,275	1	1	881,275
Investment earnings	57,228	13,381	5,740	76,349
Miscellaneous	241,565	10,001	5,740	241,565
Total revenue	14,542,330	2,895,706	1,483,072	18,921,108
Expenditures:				
Current				
General government	2,118,453			2,118,453
Public safety	4,919,933	-	431,768	5,351,701
Economic and physical development	38,392		147,569	185,961
Environmental protection	347,809			347,809
Human services	2,383,993	(A)		2,383,993
Cultural and recreational Intergovernmental:	631,078	120,144	*	751,222
Education	3,424,450		397,830	3,822,280
Capital outlay	483,275	(****)		483,275
Debt service:				
Principal	1,009,112			1,009,112
Interest	240,634			240,634
Total expenditures	15,597,129	120,144	977,167	16,694,440
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(1,054,799)	2,775,562	505,905	2,226,668
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer (to) from other funds	434,550		(450,000)	(15,450)
Total other financing sources (uses)	434,550		(450,000)	(15,450)
Net change in fund balances	(620,249)	2,775,562	55,905	2,211,218
	0.177.005		000 504	
Fund balances, beginning	6,177,865	204,038	623,501	7,005,404
Prior period adjustment	(32,216)		32,216	-
Fund balances, beginning, restated	6,145,649	204,038	655,717	7,005,404
Fund balances, ending	\$ 5,525,400	\$ 2,979,600	\$ 711,622	\$ 9,216,622

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 5

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,211,218
Governmental funds report capital outlays are expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		(82,124)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		284,158
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		18,138
Benefit payments and administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		178,825
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		45,156
The issurance of long-term debt provides financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		1,005,850
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	_	(489,206)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,172,015

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,688,245	\$ 8,754,359	\$ 8,741,308	\$ (13,051)
Local option sales taxes	2,377,140	2,451,406	2,541,886	90,480
Other taxes and licenses	21,400	21,400	22,507	1,107
Unrestricted intergovernmental	45,000	45,000	47,240	2,240
Restricted intergovernmental	1,782,558	1,986,482	1,657,426	(329,056)
Permits and fees	316,169	343,109	351,895	8,786
Sales and services	902,834	902,834	881,275	(21,559)
Investment earnings	20,400	50,200	56,835	6,635
Miscellaneous	116,350	196,750	241,565	44,815
Total revenues	14,270,096	14,751,540	14,541,937	(209,603)
Expenditures:				
Current	0.010.010	0.050.500	0.440.450	101 070
General government	2,212,019	2,252,529	2,118,453	134,076
Public safety	4,809,084	5,118,777	4,919,933	198,844
Economic and physical development	71,582	72,432	38,392	34,040
Environmental protection Human services	378,564	378,046	347,809	30,237
Cultural and recreational	2,531,387	2,591,059	2,383,993	207,066
Intergovernmental:	667,545	652,030	631,078	20,952
Education	3,407,500	3,407,500	3,424,450	(16,950)
Capital outlay	408,494	496,651	483,275	13,376
Debt service:	400,404	450,001	400,210	10,070
Principal retirement	1,025,270	1,025,270	1,009,112	16,158
Interest and other charges	240,662	240,662	240,634	28
Total expenditures	15,752,107	16,234,956	15,597,129	637,827
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,482,011)	(1,483,416)	(1,055,192)	428,224
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer from other funds	450,000	450,000	450,000	
Transfer to other funds	400,000	(40,450)	(40,450)	1
Fund balance appropriated	1,032,011	1,073,866	(40,450)	(1,073,866)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,482,011	1,483,416	409,550	(1,073,866)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(645,642)	\$ (645,642)
Fund halance, healening			6 092 070	
Fund balance, beginning Prior period adjustment			6,082,270 (32,216)	
Fund balance, beginning, as restated			6,050,054	
Fund balance, ending			\$ 5,404,412	

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 6 (continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	-	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
A legally budgeted Tax Revaluation Fund Fund for reporting purposes:	is consolidated into	the General			
Total fund balance, General Fund			\$	5,404,412	
Investment earnings Transfer from General Fund General Government Expenditures Fund balance, beginning				393 25,000 - 95,595	
Fund balance, ending (Exhibit 4)			\$	5,525,400	

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Major					
	_	Water	Sc	olid Waste		Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,258,074	\$	433,408	\$	1,691,482
Accounts receivables (net)		237,486		293,255		530,741
Due from other governments		27,204		2,537		29,741
Inventories		125,293				125,293
Total current assets	5	1,648,057		729,200		2,377,257
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		77,604		-		77,604
Loan fees, net of accumulated						
amortization of \$5,138		3,964				3,964
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		160,006		-		160,006
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		8,924,470				8,924,470
Total noncurrent assets	-	9,166,044	_	÷.		9,166,044
Total assets	_	10,814,101	_	729,200	_	11,543,301
Deferred outflows of resources	-	96,523		-	_	96,523
labilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		29,278		190,468		219,746
Customer deposits		64,039				64,039
Accrued interest payable		25,403				25,403
Compensated absences		20,289		-		20,289
Installment notes payable		388,194				388,194
Total current liabilities	1	527,203	_	190,468	\equiv	717,671
Noncurrent liabilties:						
OPEB liability		191,154				191,154
Net pension liability		97,209		-		97,209
Installment notes payable		1,790,421				1,790,421
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	2,078,784			_	2,078,784
otal liabilities	1	2,605,987		190,468	_	2,796,455
eferred inflows of resources		14,217				14,217
let Position						
Net investment in capital assets		6,905,861				6,905,861
Unrestricted		1,384,559		538,732		1,923,291
	-	8,290,420	\$	538,732	\$	8,829,152

	Major					
	-	Water		olid Waste	-	Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,012,826	\$	980,492	\$	2,993,318
Tap and reconnection fees	4	66,200				66,200
Penalties		47,490		-		47,490
Other operating revenue		14,625		10,186		24,811
Total operating revenues		2,141,141	_	990,678	_	3,131,819
Operating expenses:						
Administration		997,273				997,273
Water purchase		325,176				325,176
Water distribution and treatment		469,795		-		469,795
Solid waste operations		1.140		884,737		884,737
Depreciation/amortization		343,373				343,373
Total operating expenses	-	2,135,617	-	884,737		3,020,354
Total expenses	1	2,135,617	1	884,737		3,020,354
Operating income (loss)	_	5,524		105,941	-	111,465
Non-operating revenue (expenses):						
Rent		5,400				5,400
Interest income		13,517		1,009		14,526
Interest on long-term debt		(33,886)		1.1		(33,886)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(14,969)		1,009		(13,960)
Income (loss) before contributions		(9,445)		106,950		97,505
Capital Contributions	_	25,242	_		_	25,242
Change in net position		15,797		106,950		122,747
Total net position, beginning		8,274,623		431,782		8,706,405
Total net position, ending	\$	8,290,420	\$	538,732	\$	8,829,152

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Major					
	_	Water		olid Waste	-	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	2,080,638	\$	958,026	\$	3,038,664
Cash paid for goods and services		(1,283,499)		(819,662)		(2,103,161)
Cash paid to employees for services		(533,339)		(0.0,002)		(533,339)
Customer deposits		825				825
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	264,625		138,364	-	402,989
	_				-	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(239,598)				(239,598)
						and the second se
Principal paid on installment payables		(381,691)				(381,691)
Capital contributions - federal grant		25,242				25,242
Interest paid on installment payables		(38,682)				(38,682)
Proceeds from rental	_	5,400			-	5,400
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(629,329)	-	•		(629,329)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest on investments	_	13,517	_	1,009	-	14,526
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(351,187)		139,373		(211,814)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		1,686,865		294,035		1,980,900
(Water fund includes restricted cash of \$73,469)		-	-			
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	1,335,678	\$	433,408	\$	1,769,086
(Water fund includes restricted cash of \$77,604)	-	1,200,101,0	-	(40)100	-	111 051500
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,524	\$	105,941	\$	111,465
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		343,373		•		343,373
Change in assets and liabilities:		(60 799)		(20.025)		100 767
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(60,732)		(32,035)		(92,767)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(27,979)		÷		(27,979
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(2,779)		-		(2,779
Decrease in net pension liability		32,816		-		32,816
Decrease in OPEB liability		(2,140)				(2,140
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(1.371)				(1,371
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		3,701				3,701
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		229		(617)		(388
Increase in inventory		(51,201)				(51,201
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued						ينتع وش
liabilities		26,358		65,075		91,433
Increase in customer deposits		825		*		825
Decrease in accrued vacation pay	_	(1,999)	_	•		(1,999
Total adjustments	1.22	259,101	_	32,423	-	291,524
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	264,625	\$	138,364	\$	402,989

\$	68,797
\$	69 707
-	00,797
\$	68,797
\$	4
	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes are provided in the Financial Section and are considered essential to fair presentation and adequate disclosure for the financial report. The notes include the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the County and other necessary disclosures of important matters relating to the financial position of the County. The notes are treated as an integral part of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with them.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Perquimans County (the County) and its component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The County, which is governed by a six-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. The Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority (the Authority), which has a June 30 year end, is presented as if it were a separate proprietary fund of the County (discrete presentation).

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority	Discrete	The members of the Tourism Development Agency governing board are appointed by the County. The County can remove any commissioner with or without cause.	None issued

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component unit (the Authority). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a

separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Tax Revaluation Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it is consolidated in the General Fund.

County Construction Capital Projects Fund - This is the County's capital projects fund. It accounts for all capital projects of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Water System within the County. The Water Capital Improvement Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it is consolidated in the Water Fund.

Solid Waste Fund - This fund is used to account for the solid waste activities within the County.

The County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds - Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Soil and Water Conservation Fund, which accounts for money held by the County for the use in soil and water conservation projects; the 4-H Fund, which accounts for money held by the County for the use in the 4-H program; the Sheriff's Fund, which accounts for money held by the County for the use in the 4-H program; the Babe Ruth Fund, which accounts for money held by the County for the Babe Ruth baseball leagues; the Farm Service Fund, which accounts for money held by the County for the Babe Ruth baseball leagues; the Farm Service Fund, which accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the register of deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage and remitted to the State Treasurer on a monthly basis.

Nonmajor Funds. The County maintains five legally budgeted funds. The NC Housing Finance Grant and Emergency Telephone System Fund are reported as nonmajor special revenue funds. The County Capital Projects Reserve and School Construction Capital Projects Funds are reported as capital projects funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all

municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expendituredriven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

C. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Revaluation Reserve, Court Facilities, Economic Development, Tourism Development, USDA Reserve, NC Housing Finance, E-911 Reserve, and Capital Projects Reserve Special Revenue Funds, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project Funds and the Enterprise Capital Projects Fund. The Enterprise Capital Projects Fund is consolidated with the enterprise operating fund for reporting purposes.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The Budget Officer may transfer amounts between objects of expenditures within a department except salary amounts without limitation. The Budget Officer may not transfer any amount between funds. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and the Authority are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the Authority may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the Authority may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County and the Authority to invest in obligations of the

United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools moneys from all funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Authority considers demand deposits and investments with a maturity of 90 days or less at the time of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended note proceeds of the County's Water System Fund are classified as restricted assets within the enterprise fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the notes were originally obtained. Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150.

Governmental activities:			
General Fund	Tax revaluation	\$	120,988
County Construction Capital			
Projects Fund	Unexpended grant proceeds		2,882,325
School Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended Public School Building funds	-	8,340
Total governmental activities		_	3,011,653
Business-type activities:			
Water Fund	Unexpended bond proceeds		13,565
Water Fund	Customer deposits		64,039
Total business-type activities	1	_	77,604
Total restricted cash		\$	3,089,257

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. Perquimans County does not use a discount schedule, which is permitted by State law.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are not maintained in the governmental funds of the County. The governmental funds recognize materials and supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The inventory of the County's Enterprise Funds consists of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expense when the inventory is consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$10,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Perquimans County Board of Education properties that have not been included in the capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education after all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Perquimans County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	50
Infrastructure	50
Improvements	25
Furniture/Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	5
Vehicles	5

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and pension related deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, wetland mitigation, and other OPEB and pension related deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund-types, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's governmentwide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The sick leave policies of the County provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted by Department of Justice Forfeiture Program – portion of fund balance that is restricted to pay for specific items for the sheriff department.

Restricted for School Capital – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital per G.S. 159-18-22.

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority of Perquimans County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Tax Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of the fund balance that the Perquimans County governing board has budgeted.

Future county capital outlay – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future county construction.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the Budget Officer may transfer amounts between objects of expenditures within a department except salary amounts without limitation. The Budget Officer may not transfer amounts between funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

(LGERS), the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "stateadministered defined benefit pension plans"), and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB), the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HCB and additions to/deductions from the HCB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

E. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(456,785) consists of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities 16,232,872 column) \$ Less - accumulated depreciation (5,904,319)10,328,553 Net capital assets Net pension asset 22,759 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year 284,158 Benefit payments and administration costs for OPEB 178,825 Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA 9,069 Net loan fees 3,424 Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-side statements as these funds are not available and therefore are unavailable in the fund statements 205,313 Liabilities for revenue deferred but earned and therefore reported in the fund statements but not the government-wide 789,798 Pension related deferrals 647,293 LEOSSA related deferrals 34,108 **OPEB** related deferrals (156, 565)Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements: Bonds and installment financings (8, 840, 429)Compensated absences (240, 455)Net pension liability - LGERS (1, 117, 905)Total pension liability - LEOSSA (281, 466)**OPEB** liability (2, 198, 266)Accrued interest payable (124, 999)Total adjustment (456, 785)\$

2. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of</u> revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of \$960,799 is comprised of the following:

Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 564,943
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund	(647,067)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	1,005,850
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	284,158
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	18,138
Benefit payments and administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	178,825
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:	
Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and government-wide statements (full accrual)	13,261
Compensated absences	15,077
OPEB expense	(164,822)
County's portion of collective pension expense	(352,720)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements:	
Increase in accrued interest receivable on taxes at year end	13,290
Reversal of deferred tax revenue recorded at July 1	(757,932)
Recording of tax receipts deferred in the funds statements at June 30	789,798 \$ 960,799
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

a. During the year, payments were made from the General Fund for Public School Capital outlay in the amount of \$16,950. These payments violated State law [G.S. 159-25(b)] because the expenditures were in excess of amount appropriated in the budget ordinance.

Corrective Action Plan: In FY18/19 the Sales Tax revenue for May and June came in above what we projected. We completed the amendment for these lines based upon

what was collected throughout the year and the last two months came in above those estimates. However, with this being said, we also had to expend a portion of those funds to our school system. We send our school system 30% of article 40. This line was also projected based upon July – April expenses. With May and June being higher than anticipated our School Capital Outlay ended the year overspent by \$16,950. Going forward we will look at the current collections/expenditures as well as years past to better estimate in our year end amendment.

- III. Detail Notes on All Funds
- A. Assets
- 1. Deposits

All of the County's and the Authority's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the Authority's agent in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the Authority, these deposits are considered to be held by its agent in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the Authority or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County and the Authority under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and the Authority rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The County and the Authority do not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$10,464,436 and a bank balance of \$10,955,695. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$10,455,695 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019, Perquimans County had \$950 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for the Authority was \$18,8665.

2. Property Tax – Use – Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost at June 30, 2019 were not available. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

3. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Ac	counts	rela	axes and ted accrued interest		e from other vernments		Total
Governmental activities:	1							
General	\$		\$	789,798	\$	664,113	\$	1,453,911
Other governmental		4			-	201,853		201,853
Total receivables	-	1	-	789,798		865,966		1,655,764
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	+		(37,000)	-	-	-	(37,000)
Total governmental activities	\$		\$	752,798	\$	865,966	\$	1,618,764
Business type activities:								
Water Fund	\$2	39,743	\$	-	\$	27,204	\$	266,947
Solid Waste	3	03,515				2,537		306,052
Total receivables	5	43,258				29,741		572,999
Allowance for doubtful accounts	" (12,517)	-	+				(12,517)
Total business type activities	\$5	30,741	\$	•	\$	29,741	\$	560,482

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

Other grant funds	\$	2,537
Local option sales tax	-	515,407
Sales tax reimbursements		103,992
Scrap tire tax		4,970
Franchise tax		3,983
White goods disposal tax		-
Lottery funds		4,450
Social services reimbursements		95,898
State 911 funds		164,470
Total	\$	895,707

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,062,407	\$ 23,198	\$ -	\$ 1,085,605
Construction in progress	721,675	· ·	721,675	
Total capital assets not being depreciat	87,154	23,198	1,085,605	
Capital assets being depreciated:	1.0			
Buildings	9,215,472	957,645	-	10,173,117
Equipment	2,388,955	49,119		2,438,074
Land improvements	623,124	· · · ·		623,124
Vehicles and motor equipment	1,656,296	256,656		1,912,952
Total capital assets being depreciated	16,792,737	1,263,420 -		15,147,267
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,530,741	243,455		2,774,196
Equipment	1,280,884	197,951		1,478,835
Land improvements	138,085	35,995		174,080
Vehicles and motor equipment	1,307,542	169,666		1,477,208
Total accumulated depreciation	5,805,043	647,067		5,904,319
Total capital assets being depreciated,	10,987,694			9,242,948
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$11,074,848			\$10,328,553

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

\$ 111,385
63,323
149,983
8,340
314,036
\$ 647,067
\$

	Beginning Balances						Incre	ases	Dec	reases		Ending alances
Business-type activities:												
Water Fund:												
Capital assets not being depreciated:												
Land	\$	160,006	\$		\$	•	\$	160,006				
Construction in progress	_	286,803	_	÷	2	86,803	_					
Total capital assets not being deprecial	446,809		_		286,803		160,006					
Capital assets being depreciated:												
Plant and distribution systems	17,813,702		526,401				18,340,103					
Furniture and maintenance equipment	292,595					292,595						
Vehicles		377,917			-		-	377,917				
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,484,214		52	6,401			19,010,615					
Less accumulated depreciation for:												
Plant and distribution systems	9	,193,952	30	7,520		14		9,501,472				
Furniture and maintenance equipment		244,626		5,934				250,560				
Vehicles	-	304,954	2	9,159	1		_	334,113				
Total accumulated depreciation	9,743,532		34	2,613		•	1	0,086,145				
Total capital assets being depreciated,	8	,740,682					1	8,924,470				
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 9	,187,491					\$	9,084,476				

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Vendors		
Governmental activities:			
General	\$	182,738	
Other governmental		1,463	
Total governmental activities	\$	184,201	
Business type activities:			
Water Fund	\$	29,278	
Solid Waste		190,468	
Total business type activities	\$	219,746	

2. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and

amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.84% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$308,540 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance

of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$1,225,114 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was .051%, which was an decrease of .002% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$348,055. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of lesources	Inf	ferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	187,463	\$	6,290
Changes of assumptions		322,444		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		166,799		
Changes in proportion and differences between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		30,683		1,246
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		304,774		
Total	\$	1,012,163	\$	7,536
	-			

\$304,774 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 336,225
2021	222,162
2022	44,932
2023	96,534
2024	7
Thereafter	
	\$ 699,853

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return

and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase		
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,918,808	\$	1,215,114	\$	(208,520)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

Perquimans County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	11
Total	12

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increases

Discount rate

2.50 percent3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the weekly average of the S&P Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. *Contributions*. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$18,138 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$281,466. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$28,304.

		eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	49,246	\$	12,750	
Changes of assumptions		12,592		14,980	
County benefit payments and plan administrative expense made					
subsequent to the measurement date		9,069		1 e	
Total	\$	70,907	\$	27,730	
	-		_		

The County paid \$9,069 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are

reported as deferred outflows or resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Jun	e 30:	
2020	\$	5,998
2021		5,998
2022		5,998
2023		5,998
2024		6,753
Thereafter		3,363
	\$	34,108

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

		Decrease (2.64%)	 count Rate (3.64%)	1% Increase (4.64%)		
Total Pension Liability	\$	308,932	\$ 281,466	\$	256,734	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance	\$ 231,899
Service Cost	15,265
Interest on the total pension liability	7,041
Difference between expected and actual	
experience in the measurement of the	
total pension liability	58,232
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(12,833)
Benefit payments	(18, 138)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 281,466

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.16 percent at June 30, 2017 to 3.64 percent at June 30, 2018.

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$38,491 which consisted of \$33,871 from the County and \$4,620 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Perguimans County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Fund), a noncontributory, defined contribution plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. The Fund provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate. one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$3,766 for the year

ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$22,759 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was .137%, which was an increase of .009% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,216. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	201	\$	1,039
Changes of assumptions		1,070		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		3,628		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,115		1,547
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,766		
Total	\$	9,780	\$	2,586
	2			

\$3,766 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June	30:	
2020	\$	2,186
2021		(391)
2022		1,069
2023		563
2024		1.161
Thereafter		÷.
	\$	3,427

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.75 percent, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2018 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.75%)		0.000	ount Rate (3.75%)	1% Increase (4.75%)		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(17,944)	\$	(22,759)	\$	(26,820)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

e. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resourced Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	1.00	LGERS	-	ROD	1	EOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,215,114	\$	(22,759)	\$		\$ 1,192,355
(Asset)		0.051%		-0.137%		N/A	
Total Pension Liability	\$	1.00	\$		\$	281,466	\$ 281,466
Pension Expense	\$	348,055	\$	4,216	\$	28,304	\$ 380,575

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 LGERS		ROD	L	EOSSA		Total
Deferred Outflows of Rresources Differences between expected and			100				
actual experience	\$ 187,463	\$	201	\$	49,246	\$	236,910
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	322,444		1,070		12,592		336,106
investments	166,799		3,628				170,427
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share			a apr				
of contributions	30,683		1,115		-		31,798
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/ benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the							
measurement date	304,774		3,766		9,069		317,609
Deferred Inflows of Bresources							
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,290	\$	1,039	\$	12,750	\$	20,079
Changes of assumptions	 0,200	*		4	14,980	÷	14,980
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share					.,,		11,000
of contributions	1,246		1,547		-		2,793

f. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

Plan Description. Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a singleemployer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The County Board of Commissioners has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided. The HCB Plan provides healthcare and dental benefits for retirees with an unreduced service retirement benefit from LGERS and 20 continuous years of service with the County. The County pays 100% of the cost of coverage for employees' health benefits through private insurers until the employee reaches the age of 65 or becomes eligible for Medicare, whichever is sooner. The County pays 100% of the dental premiums for eligible retirees until they reach age 65. Dependent coverage is not permitted. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	General Employees	Law Enforcement Officers
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	6	2
receiving benefit payments	-	
Active plan members	99	· · · · · ·
	105	2

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$2,389,420 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	1.00 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases - General Employees	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including wage inflation
Salary increases - Law Enforcement Officers	3.50 to 7.35 percent, including wage inflation
Discount rate - Municipal Bond Index	3.56 percent 7.50% for 2017, decreasing to an ultimate
Health Care Cost Trends - Pre-Medicare	rate of 5.00% by 2023

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Beginning balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 2,416,171
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	122,588
Interest	83,199
Difference between expected and	
actual experience	(813)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(72,087)
Benefit payments	(159,638)
Net Changes	(26,751)
Ending balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 2,389,420

Changed in assumptions and other inputs reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease (2.89%)		(3.89%)	1% Increase (4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,616,308	\$	2,389,420	\$ 2,186,856

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent decreasing to 4 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent decreasing to 6 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Decrease (6.5% creasing to 4%)	count Rate (7.5% creasing to 5%)	1% Increase (8.5 percent decreasing to 6%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,116,682	\$ 2,389,420	\$ 2,716,882	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$179,155. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OL	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	16,344
Changes of assumptions		1.0		153,835
County benefit payments and plan administrative expense made				
subsequent to the measurement date		194,375		•
Total	\$	194,375	\$	170,179

\$194,375 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 3	30:	
2020	\$	(26,632)
2021		(26,632)
2022		(26,632)
2023		(26,632)
2024		(26,632)
Thereafter		(37,019)
	\$	(170,179)

g. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of these employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefits payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ir	Deferred Inflows of esources	
Difference between expected and actual	_				
experience:					
LGERS	\$	187,463	\$	6,290	
ROD		201		1,039	
LEOSSA		49,246		12,750	
OPEB				16,344	
Changes of assumptions					
LGERS		322,444		-	
ROD		1,070			
LEOSSA		12,592		14,980	
OPEB				153,835	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings:					
LGERS		166,799			
ROD		3,628			
Change in proportion and difference between					
employer contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions:					
LGERS		30,683		1,246	
ROD		1,115		1,547	
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to					
the measurement date:					
LGERS		304,774		-	
ROD		3,766			
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid					
subsequent to the measurement date Benefit payments/administration costs paid		194,375		1	
subsequent to the measurement date					
(LEOSSA)		9,069		÷	
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)		-		53,253	
Taxes receivable, net (General)		2.4		789,799	
Wetlands Mitigation (General)		A		2,392	
C. The second	\$	1,287,225	\$	1,053,475	
			-		

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property insurance coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$200 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional, and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request.

Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 retention up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and \$1,750,000 of each loss in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence retention for property and auto physical damage. For workers compensation, there is a per occurrence retention of \$750,000.

The County does not have any property in a flood zone and does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer, tax collector, and register of deeds are individually bonded for \$100,000, \$100,000, and \$100,000 respectively. The finance officer of the Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority is individually bonded for \$50,000.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Long-term Obligations

a. Installment Obligation Indebtedness

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County financed various property acquisitions for use by the Perquimans County Board of Education by installment purchase. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust which requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding. The County has entered into a lease with the Perquimans County Board of Education which transfers the rights and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal annual lease payments and also contains a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase obligation. Due to the economic substance of the transactions, the fixed assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education.

The County entered into an agreement with RBC Centura, pursuant to N.C. General Statute 160 A-20, to finance the Perquimans High School Construction and Renovation Project. Total indebtedness under the agreement was \$11,000,000, at an annual interest rate of 3.65%. This loan was refinanced on December 18, 2008 with USDA. This loan was refinanced on December 6, 2012 with BB&T.

 Six million (\$6,000,000) with a term of fifteen (15) years at 2.64%, entered into on December 6, 2012. The County will make fifteen (15) payments of \$489,429 each. Principal payments and interest at 2.64% resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Total installment obligation indebtness	\$ 4,401,987
Less: amount representing interest	529,327
Net principal amount of obligation	\$ 3,872,660

II. Four million, two hundred thirty thousand, nine hundred sixty-seven (\$4,230,967) with a term of fifteen (15) years at 2.64%, entered into on January 8, 2013. The County will make the first payment of \$311,492 and the subsequent fourteen (14) payments at \$347,173 each. Principal payments and interest at 2.64% resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Total installment obligation indebtness	\$ 3,124,560
Less: amount representing interest	375,475
Net principal amount of obligation	\$ 2,749,085

On September 30, 2011, the County entered into an installment purchase agreement pursuant to N.C. General Statute 160A-20 for the purchase of a building to be used by Emergency Services. Total indebtedness under the agreement was \$1,108,181. The agreement has a twenty-year term at an interest rate of 2.49%. Payments will be \$98,000 annually plus accrued interest. Principal payments and interest of 2.49% resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Total installment obligation indebtness	\$ 254,179
Less: amount representing interest	9,179
Net principal amount of obligation	\$ 245,000

On July 27, 2016, the County entered into an installment purchase agreement pursuant to N.C. General Statute 160A-20 for the construction of a new public library. Total indebtedness under the agreement was \$2,500,000. The agreement has a ten-year term at an interest rate of 1.88%. Payments will be \$263,158 annually plus accrued interest. Principal payments and interest of 1.88% resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Total installment obligation indebtness	\$ 2,112,105
Less: amount representing interest	138,421
Net principal amount of obligation	\$ 1,973,684

During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the County made interest payments of \$240,634.

Installment agreement indebtedness - business type activities

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20] the County is financing a new water and 12" pipeline through an installment financing agreement with the East Carolina Bank. The total amount financed is \$3,000,000 at a fixed rate of 3.74% for 15 years. The agreement was executed on December 29, 2005 and requires 30 semi-annual payments of \$131,567, with the first payment due June 29, 2006. This loan was refinanced December 6, 2012 with BB&T. The total amount refinanced is \$1,900,000 at a fixed rate of 1.86% for 8 years. The agreement requires the first payment of \$131,510 December 29, 2012 and annual payments of \$239,927 starting December 1, 2013.

Principal payments and interest at 1.86% resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Net principal amount of obligation	\$	466,599	
Less: amount representing interest	1.0	13,063	
Total installment obligation indebtness	\$	479,662	

On January 27, 2011, the County entered into an agreement with the State of North Carolina, Department of Environment and Natural Resources, to receive a Federal Revolving Loan in the amount of \$2,795,220, as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, for the purpose of making improvements to the County's water supply system. One half of the amount borrowed is immediately forgiven. The remaining principal is to be repaid over 20 years bearing no interest at an annual amount of \$69,881 per year. Principal payments resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Total installment obligation indebtness	\$ 838,566
Less: amount representing interest	
Net principal amount of obligation	\$ 838,566

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20] the County is financing water supply from Pasquotank County R. O. plant through an installment financing agreement with the PNC Bank. The total amount financed is \$1,350,000 at a fixed rate of 2.69% for 15 years. The agreement was executed on August 23, 2012 and requires 15 annual payments of \$110,564, with the first payment due August 23, 2013. Principal payments and interest at 2.69% resulted in the following obligation at June 30, 2019:

Total installment obligation indebtness	\$ 995,083
Less: amount representing interest	121,633
Net principal amount of obligation	\$ 873,450

For Perquimans County, the combined future minimum payments as of June 30, 2019 including interest are:

	Governmen	tal Ad	ctivities	Business-type Acti		ivities	
Year ending June 30	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 1,022,870	\$	216,267	\$	388,194	\$	32,178
2021	1,040,339		191,397		394,649		25,535
2022	1,009,269		166,079		161,697		18,748
2023	978,673		132,112		164,166		16,279
2024	997,563		110,855		166,703		13,742
2025-2030	3,791,715		235,692		763,446		28,214
2030-2035					139,760		
Total	\$ 8,840,429	\$	1,052,402	\$	2,178,615	\$	134,696
		_		_			

At June 30, 2019, Perquimans County had a legal debt margin of \$ 123,236,581.

b. Long-term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long term obligations for the fiscal year June 30, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:	1000		-	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	7.000
Installment purchases	\$ 9,846,279	\$ -	\$1,005,850	\$ 8,840,429	\$1,022,870
Net pension liability (LGERS)	740,564	377,341		1,117,905	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	231,899	49,567		281,466	
Total OPEB liability	2,222,877		24,611	2,198,266	
Compensated absences	255,532		15,077	240,455	240,455
Totai	\$13,297,151	\$ 426,908	\$1,045,538	\$12,678,521	\$1,263,325
Business-type activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 2,560,306	\$ -	\$ 381,691	\$ 2,178,615	\$ 388,194
Net pension liability (LGERS)	64,393	32,816		97,209	
Total OPEB liability	193,294		2,140	191,154	-
Compensated absences	22,288		1,999	20,289	20,289
Total	\$ 2,840,281	\$ 32,816	\$ 385,830	\$ 2,487,267	\$ 408,483

Net pension liability, total pension liability, and other postemployment liability for governmental activities are all typically liquidated in the general fund. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

		-	Amount
	From the General Fund to the Revaluation Fund to accumulate resources for octennial revaluation of real property	\$	25,000
	From the General Fund to the Tourism Development Authority		15,450
	From the Capital Projects Reserve Fund to the General Fund to supplement other funding sources		450,000
	Total	\$	490,450
1	Net Investment in Canital Assets		

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	G	overnmental	Business-type		
Capital assets	\$	10,331,977	\$	9,084,476	
Less: Long-term debt		2,218,684		2,178,615	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,113,293	\$	6,905,861	

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of the General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance-General Fund	\$	5,525,400
Less:	211	
Stabilization for State Statute		647,312
Register of Deeds		30,536
Tax revaluation		120,988
Dept of Justice Forfeiture Program		9,197
Appropriation for 2019-2020 budget		605,083
Remaining Fund Balance	\$	4,112,284

Perquimans County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater the 8% of budgeted expenditures.

IV. Joint Ventures

Pettigrew Regional Library

The County participates in a joint venture to operate the Pettigrew Library with three other counties: Chowan, Tyrrell, and Washington. Perquimans County does not appoint anyone to the Board, but may make recommendations for appointments. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on participating governments' continued funding. Perquimans County owns the library building and provides for the maintenance of that building. During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the County contributed \$183,305 towards the operating expenses of the Library. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Library's office at 110 West Academy Street, Hertford, North Carolina 27944.

Albemarle District Jail Commission

The County in conjunction with Camden and Pasquotank Counties, participates in the Albemarle District Jail Commission. Each participating government appoints one member to the four member board. The Jail Commission is a joint venture established to provide incarceration facilities for the participating counties. The intergovernmental agreement between the participating counties stipulates that each county make an annual contribution towards the operating expenses of the Commission. The contribution amount is based on a per capita assessment based on the most recent census figures available. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$738,112 to the Commission. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Commission. Complete financial statements for the Jail can be obtained from the Albemarle District Jail Commission, 320 South Hughes Blvd., Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

V. Jointly Governed Organization

Perquimans, Chowan, Gates Solid Waste Commission

Perquimans County, in conjunction with two other counties, established the Perquimans, Chowan, Gates County Solid Waste Commission to coordinate solid waste disposal for the counties. Each participating government appoints two members to the Commission's governing board.

Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, Chowan, Currituck Health Department

The Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, Chowan, Currituck (PPCCC) Health Department is a jointly governed organization. Each participating government appoints three members to the PPCCC Board.

VI. Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose the additional aid to County recipients which do not appear in the general purpose financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

		Federal		State
Title IV-E Foster Care	\$	11,738	\$	2,721
State/County Special Assistance for Adults		-		63,777
State/County Special Assistance for the Disabled		-		64,001
State Children's Insurance Program-NC Health Choice		193,820		
Adult Home Special Services		22,844		2,896
Medicaid		12,636,129		6,660,091
Temporary assistance to needy families		40,832		
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,				
Infants and Children		150,857		
Total	\$	13,056,220	\$	6,793,486
	_		_	

VII. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies and Commitments

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VIII. Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated subsequent events though November 20, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no disclosures or adjustments necessary in the accompanying financial statements relating to subsequent events.

IX. Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment in the amount of \$32,216 has been made to the Emergency Telephone System Fund and the General Fund due to underreported revenues in the Emergency Telephone System Fund in fiscal year 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government
 Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset for Register of Deeds
Supplemental Pension Fund

- Schedule of Contributions to Register of Deeds' Supplementary Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	0.051%	0.053%	0.049%	0.047%	0.049%	0.050%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$ 1,215,114	\$ 804,957	\$ 1,049,282	\$ 212,055	\$ (289,624)	\$ 620,773
County's covered payroll	\$ 3,455,957	\$ 3,342,557	\$ 3,146,224	\$ 2,955,382	\$ 2,952,691	\$ 2,888,709
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	35.16%	24.08%	33.35%	7.18%	-9.81%	21.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	92.00%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of County Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Six Fiscal Years

		2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	s	245,160 245,160	\$	262,713 262,713	\$	249,946 249,946	\$	215,957 215,957	\$	210,631 210,631	\$	209,715
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- 14 A.	\$	1.000	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	(e)
County's covered payroll	\$	3,127,040	\$	3,455,957	\$	3,342,557	\$	3,146,224	\$	2,955,382	\$	2,952,691
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.84%		7.60%		7.48%		6.86%		7.13%		7.10%

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Six Fiscal Years

	2019	_	2018	 2017	_	2016	_	2015	 2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	0.137%		0.128%	0.142%		0.134%		0.139%	0.140%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$ (22,759)	\$	(21,881)	\$ (26,629)	\$	(31,115)	\$	(31,400)	\$ (30,137)
County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	\$ 45,685	\$	45,504	\$ 43,298	\$	43,122	\$	49,422	\$ 51,819
percentage of its covered payroll	-49.82%		-48.09%	-61.50%		-72.16%		-63.53%	-58.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	153.31%		153.77%	160.17%		197.29%		193.88%	190.50%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Six Fiscal Years

		2019	_	2018	-	2017	 2016	 2015	_	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	s	3,766 3,766	\$	1,176	\$	1,114	\$ 1,164	\$ 1,074 1,074	\$	1,131 1,131
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	•	\$		\$	•	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	48,036	\$	45,685	\$	45,504	\$ 43,298	\$ 43,122	\$	49,422
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.84%		2.57%		2.45%	2.69%	2.49%		2.29%

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2.44	2019	diri-	2018
Beginning balance	\$	231,899	\$	227,483
Service cost		15,265		12,806
interest on the total pension liability		7,041		8,460
Differences between expected and actual experience		58,232		(18,118)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(12,833)		17,894
Benefit payments		(18,138)		(16,626)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	281,466	\$	231,899

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 281,466	\$ 231,899	\$ 227,483
Covered payroll	701,348	506,140	554,568
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	40.13%	45.82%	41.02%

*Perquimans County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Healthcare Benefits Plan FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 122,588
Interest	83,199
Differences between expected and actual experience	(813)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(72,087)
Benefit payments	(159,638)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(26,751)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	2,416,171
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 2,389,420
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,576,950
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	66.80%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumption: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%
2017	3.01%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

		Final Budget		Actual	1	Variance Positive Vegative)
Revenues:			-			
Ad valorem taxes:						
Taxes	\$	8,674,359	\$	8,667,186	\$	(7,173)
Penalties and interest		80,000		74,122		(5,878)
Total		8,754,359		8,741,308	_	(13,051)
Local option sales taxes:						
Article 39 and 44		824,550		847,303		22,753
Article 40 one-half of one percent		916,866		931,500		14,634
Article 42 one-half of one percent		357,850		373,175		15,325
Utilities franchise distribution		15,000		17,740		2,740
Medicaid hold harmless payment		337,140		372,168		35,028
Total		2,451,406	_	2,541,886	-	90,480
Other taxes and licenses:						
Scrap tire disposal tax		15,000		19,047		4,047
White goods disposal tax		6,000		2,910		(3,090)
Beer and wine licenses		400		550		150
Total	1	21,400	_	22,507	-	1,107
Unrestricted intergovernmental:						
Beer and wine tax	-	45,000	-	47,240	_	2,240
Restricted intergovernmental:						
State grants		1,902,557		1,607,936		(294,621)
Federal grants		28,925				(28,925)
Court facilty fees		27,500		25,236		(2,264)
ABC bottle tax (rehab)		4,500		3,862		(638)
Other grants	-	23,000	-	20,392		(2,608)
Total	-	1,986,482	-	1,657,426	-	(329,056)
Permits and fees:						
Officer and sheriff fees		54,000		52,172		(1,828)
Building permits and inspection fees		114,940		133,744		18,804
Register of deeds		168,519		160,180		(8,339)
DMV license revocation fees		650		849		199
Subdivision and zoning fees		5,000		4,950		(50)
Other		343,109		351,895	-	8,786

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Sales and services:	575 000	010 007	05 007
Ambulance fees	575,000	610,687	35,687
Administrative services	105,000	103,000	(2,000)
Dispatch services	92,030	19,785	(72,245)
Jail fees	10,000	9,595	(405)
Municipal tax collection fees	15,000	15,149	149
Recreation fees	21,000	23,672	2,672
Rents	84,804	99,387	14,583
Total	902,834	881,275	(21,559)
Investment earnings	50,200	56,835	6,635
Miscellaneous			
School security	85,000	129,680	44,680
Other	111,750	111,885	135
Total	196,750	241,565	44,815
Total revenues	14,751,540	14,541,937	(209,603)
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Governing body: Salaries and employee benefits	48,500	45,663	2,837
Other operating expenses Total	20,550	17,348	3,202
Total	69,050	63,011	6,039
Administrative and finance:		2.2.2.2.2	
Salaries and employee benefits	353,152	310,166	42,986
Other operating expenses	42,604	37,699	4,905
Professional services	50,500	46,907	3,593
Capital outlay	43,750	28,387	15,363
Total	490,006	423,159	66,847
Elections:			
Salaries and employee benefits	99,559	95,024	4,535
Other operating expenses	37,161	31,333	5,828
Total	136,720	126,357	10,363

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Tax administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	380,056	377,214	2,842
Other operating expenses	114,750	93,065	21,685
Professional services	9,000	5,709	3,291
Mapping	6,000	5,260	740
Total	509,806	481,248	28,558
Legal:			
Contracted services	25,000	16,525	8,475
Register of deeds:			
Salaries and employee benefits	163,323	161,814	1,509
Other operating expenses	70,342	66,548	3,794
Professional services	20,000	20,000	
Capital outlay	4,500	3,871	629
Total	258,165	252,233	5,932
Public buildings:			
Salaries and employee benefits	197,387	197,235	152
Other operating expenses	186,904	171,359	15,545
Insurance and bonds	174,867	174,866	1
Utilities	137,264	137,263	1
Professional services and contracts	74,999	74,708	291
Total	771,421	755,431	15,990
Court facilities:			
Other operating expenses	38,611	31,214	7,397
Total	38,611	31,214	7,397
Jury commission			
Other operating expenses	2,000	1,533	467
Total general government:	2,300,779	2,150,711	150,068
Public safety:			
Sheriff:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,142,510	1,133,648	8,862
Other operating expenses	192,985	151,327	41,658
Capital outlay	99,783	99,782	
Total	1,435,278	1,384,757	50,521

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Jail:			
Contracted services	554,548	503,641	50,907
Contracted services - debt service	234,581	234,471	110
Total	789,129	738,112	51,017
Emergency Medical Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,268,190	1,267,967	223
Other operating expenses	229,133	192,905	36,228
Capital outlay	251,020	246,901	4,119
Total	1,748,343	1,707,773	40,570
Dispatch:			
Salaries and employee benefits	535,448	525,985	9,463
Other operating expenses	82,588	71,273	11,315
Capital outlay	44,155	44,155	
Total	662,191	641,413	20,778
Fire/emergency management:			
Salaries and employee benefits	30,681	30,669	12
Other operating expenses	103,000	90,719	12,281
Capital outlay	14,891	21,627	(6,736)
Assistance to local fire departments	435,000	435,000	
Total	583,572	578,015	5,557
Inspections:			
Salaries and employee benefits	182,013	176,576	5,437
Other operating expenses	46,600	25,352	21,248
Total	228,613	201,928	26,685
Animal Control:			
Contribution to regional animal shelter	67,500	67,500	
Capital Outlay	12,602	12,602	
2010 C - 10	80,102	80,102	
Medical examiner:			
Professional services	14,000	12,900	1,100
Total public safety	5,541,228	5,345,000	196,228

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Economic and physical development:			
Economic Development Commission:	58,600	24 560	34,040
Other operating expenses Total	58,600	24,560 24,560	34,040
Total	50,000	24,000	54,040
Other:			
Albemarle Regional Planning Organization	2,239	2,239	-
Albemarle Commission	10,343	10,343	-
Skills, Inc.	500	500	-
R C and D	750	750	
Total	13,832	13,832	
Total economic and physical development	72,432	38,392	34,040
Environmental protection:			
Conversation - soil and forest service:			
Salaries and employee benefits	35,845	35,843	2
Other operating expenses	13,000	11,974	1,026
Cost share programs	16,800	15,598	1,202
Forestry service	47,996	36,463	11,533
Total	113,641	99,878	13,763
Beaver management	4,000	4,000	
Agricultural extension:			
Salaries and employee benefits	208,926	211,780	(2,854)
Other operating expenses	31,479	27,266	4,213
Total	240,405	239,046	1,359
Drainage study	20,000	4,885	15,115
Total environmental protection	378,046	347,809	30,237
rotal environmental protection	070,040	047,000	00,207
Human services:			
Health:	50 000	F0 400	
Administration - contracted services	52,633	52,423	210
Aquatic Weed Control	1,750	1,213	537
Transportation	24,478	28,435	(3,957
Total	78,861	82,071	(3,210)
Mental health:			
Administration - contracted services	26,906	26,904	2

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Alcoholism:			
Operating - rehabilitation	4,500	3,862	638
Social services:			
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,445,511	1,361,153	84,358
Other operating expenses	91,566	62,675	28,891
Professional services	191,155	186,501	4,654
Capital outlay	17,500	17,500	-
Total	1,745,732	1,627,829	117,903
Special assistance for adults:			
Aid for the aged	80,000	63,777	16,223
Aid for the permanently and totally disabled	80,000	64,001	15,999
Total	160,000	127,778	32,222
Medical assistance programs:			
Assistance payments	3,838	3,837	1
Welfare-to-work program:			
Transportation	2,500	1.0	2,500
Other operating expenditures	2,000	655	1,345
Total	4,500	655	3,845
OJJ program:			
Social Thinking Program	64,160	64,152	8
Other assistance:			
Links	4,750	117	4,633
Adoption subsidy/enhancement	6,800	(1,698)	8,498
Nutrition program for the aged	47,305	47,305	-
Aid to the blind	1,800	1,799	1
IV E foster care clothing	3,000	2,400	600
Foster care program	171,055	171,008	47
Crisis intervention	70,435	69,323	1,112
Day care program	15,000	15,000	- (* -
Emergency assistance	25,000	17,593	7,407
Humanitarian needs	6,000	3,719	2,281
Title III funds	8,711	8,710	1
Adult home case management	Se 3		
Food stamp issuance	6,000	3,008	2,992
LIEAP	102,029	85,600	16,429
Contracted transportation	31,175	20,285	10,890
Total	499,060	444,169	54,891

Total social services 2,477,290 2,268,420 Other: Food Bank of the Albemarle 500 500 Kids First, Inc. 5,000 5,000 5,000 Albemarle Hopeline 3,000 3,000 3,000 Veterans service officer: Salaries and employee benefits 7,482 7,481 Other operating expenses 1,920 1,155 Total 9,402 8,636 Restitution Progam: 9,402 8,636 Professional services 3,100 3,100 Total 3,100 3,100 Total 3,100 3,100 Total 192,757 188,956 Other operating expenses 105,604 99,284 Total 298,361 288,240 288,240	ance itive ative)
Food Bank of the Albemarle500500Kids First, Inc.5,0005,000Albemarle Hopeline3,0003,000Veterans service officer:3,0003,000Salaries and employee benefits7,4827,481Other operating expenses1,9201,155Total9,4028,636Restitution Progam:9,4028,636Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Staries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses105,60499,284Total298,361288,240Senior Citizens:117,387111,875	208,870
Food Bank of the Albemarle500500Kids First, Inc.5,0005,000Albemarle Hopeline3,0003,000Veterans service officer:3,0003,000Salaries and employee benefits7,4827,481Other operating expenses1,9201,155Total9,4028,636Restitution Progam:9,4028,636Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses105,60499,284Total298,361288,240Senior Citizens:117,387111,875	
Kids First, Inc.5,0005,000Albemarle Hopeline3,0003,000Veterans service officer:3,0003,000Salaries and employee benefits7,4827,481Other operating expenses1,9201,155Total9,4028,636Restitution Progam:9,4028,636Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Stalaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses105,60499,284Total298,361288,240Senior Citizens:117,387111,875	
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Salaries and employee benefits7,4827,481Other operating expenses1,9201,155Total9,4028,636Restitution Progam:9,4028,636Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total human services2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational:192,757188,956Recreation:192,757188,956Other operating expenses105,60499,284Total298,361288,240Senior Citizens:117,387111,875	•
Other operating expenses1,9201,155Total9,4028,636Restitution Progam: Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total human services2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses105,60499,284Total298,361288,240	
Other operating expenses1,9201,155Total9,4028,636Restitution Progam: Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total human services2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits117,387111,875	10
Restitution Progam: Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Total298,361288,240	765
Professional services3,1003,100Total3,1003,100Total human services2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits117,387111,875	766
Total3,1003,100Total human services2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits117,387111,875	
Total human services2,608,5592,401,493Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits117,387111,875	
Cultural and recreational: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits298,361288,240	
Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits192,757188,956Other operating expenses Total105,60499,284Z98,361288,2401000000000000000000000000000000000000	207,066
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Other operating expenses105,60499,284Total298,361288,240Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits117,387111,875	
Total298,361288,240Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits117,387111,875	3,80
Senior Citizens: Salaries and employee benefits 117,387 111,875	6,320
Salaries and employee benefits 117,387 111,875	10,12
and a state of an international and the second state of the	5,512
Other operating expenses 28,977 23,658	5,319
Capital outlay 8,450 8,450	
Total 154,814 143,983	10,83
Library:	
Contribution to regional library 183,305 183,305	

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other:			
Chamber of Commerce	5,500	5,500	
Newbold White House	12,000	12,000	
Perquimans Arts League	4,000	4,000	
Perquimans County Fireworks	1,500	1,500	
Perquimans County Trail Blazers	1,000	1,000	
Total cultural and recreational	660,480	639,528	20,952
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	1,025,270	1,009,112	16,158
Interest and other charges	240,662	240,634	.28
Total	1,265,932	1,249,746	16,186
Total debt service	1,265,932	1,249,746	16,186
Education:			
Public schools - current expense	2,900,000	2,900,000	
Public schools - capital outlay	475,000	491,950	(16,950)
College of the Albemarle	32,500	32,500	
Total	3,407,500	3,424,450	(16,950)
Total education	3,407,500	3,424,450	(16,950)
Total expenditures	16,234,956	15,597,129	637,827
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(1,483,416)	(1,055,192)	428,224
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer from other funds:	450,000	450.000	
Capital Projects Reserve Fund County Construction Fund	450,000	450,000	
Transfer to other funds			
Tourism Development Authority	(15,450)	(15,450)	
Revaluation Reserve Fund	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Fund balance appropriated	1,073,866	(23,000)	(1,073,866)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,483,416	409,550	1,073,866
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(645,642)	\$ (645,642)
Fund balance, beginning	1 C 2	6,082,270	1.1.2.2.2.2.2
Prior period adjustment		(32,216)	
Fund balance, beginning, as restated		6,050,054	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 5,404,412	

:

			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$	200	\$	393	\$	193	
	25,200	_			25,200	
-	(25,000)	_	393	_	25,393	
	25,000	-	25,000	-	4	
	25,000		25,000			
\$			25,393	\$	25,393	
			95,595			
		\$	120,988			
	<u>B</u>	25,200 (25,000) 25,000	Budget	Budget Actual \$ 200 \$ 393 25,200 - - (25,000) 393 - 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 \$ - 25,393 95,595 - -	Final F Budget Actual (N \$ 200 \$ 393 \$ 25,200 -	

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental:							
State Grant - Golden Leaf Investment earnings	\$	3,632,325	\$	2,882,325 13,381	\$	750,000 13,381	
and the second		3,632,325	_	2,895,706	_	763,381	
Expenditures:							
Cultural and recreation		3,763,917	_	120,144	_	3,643,773	
Revenue over (under) expenditures		(131,592)	_	2,775,562	_	4,407,154	
Other financing sources:							
Fund balance appropriated	1 () () () () () () () () () (131,592		÷	-	(131,592)	
Total	_	131,592	_	÷	_	(131,592)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		2,775,562	\$	4,275,562	
Fund balance, beginning				204,038			
Fund balance, ending			\$	2,979,600			

COMBINING STATEMENTS - NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

- Emergency Telephone System Fund: accounts for the 911 revenue collected by the telephone industry to fund the County's 911 Emergency System
- North Carolina Housing Finance Fund: accounts for the grant funds obtained to rehabilitate single family housing units in Perquimans County

Capital Projects Funds

- Capital Projects Reserve Fund: accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used in for capital projects
- School Construction Capital Project Fund: accounts for capital improvements in Perquimans County schools

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Sp	pecial	Revenue Fur	nds		ō	c	apita	I Project Fun	ds			÷
	T	mergency elephone System		C Housing ance Grant		otal Special enue Funds	10 million - 10 million	ital Projects Reserve		School onstruction pital Projects		otal Capital oject Funds		Total on-major /ernmental Funds
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents Retricted cash	\$		\$	895	\$	895	\$	528,576	\$	8,340	\$	528,576 8,340	\$	529,471 8,340
Due from other governments		182,571		-		182,571		1.1		12,903		12,903		195,474
Total assets	\$	182,571	\$	895	\$	183,466	\$	528,576	\$	21,243	\$	549,819	\$	733,285
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	568	\$	895	\$	1,463	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	1,463
Due to other funds	-	20,200				20,200			-	-				20,200
Total liabilities	_	20,768		895		21,663	9	-		-			=	21,663
Fund balances: Restricted for:														
Stabilization by State Statute		161,803				161,803				1.05				161,803
School Capital Assigned:		1.57				1.1		÷.		21,243		21,243		21,243
Future County Capital Outlay		-		5		4		528,576				528,576		528,576
Total fund balances	-	161,803		Υ.		161,803	-	528,576		21,243		549,819	_	711,622
Total liabilities and														
fund balances	\$	182,571	\$	895	\$	183,466	\$	528,576	\$	21,243	\$	549,819	\$	733,285

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Sp	pecial	Revenue Fur	nds		_	C	apita	al Project Fun	ds			2.10
		Emergency Felephone System		C Housing ance Grant		otal Special venue Funds		oital Projects Reserve		School construction pital Projects		otal Capital oject Funds		Total Ion-major vernmental Funds
Revenues:					2				7		27			
Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	525,885 344	\$	147,569	\$	673,454 344	\$	406,048 5,396	\$	397,830	\$	803,878 5,396	\$	1,477,332 5,740
Total revenues	_	526,229	E	147,569		673,798	-	411,444		397,830		809,274	=	1,483,072
Expenditures:														
Public safety		431,768				431,768								431,768
Economic development		100		147,569		147,569				-		-		147,569
Cultural and recreational		14		-		-		-		14		-		100
Education		- La -		-		4				397,830		397,830		397,830
Total expenditures	-	431,768		147,569		579,337	_	-		397,830		397,830	_	579,337
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		94,461				94,461	_	411,444	÷	a.		411,444	_	505,905
Other financing sources (uses):														
Transfer to other funds		54.						(450,000)				(450,000)		(450,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1				×	_	(450,000)				(450,000)	_	(450,000)
Net change in fund balances	_	94,461		•4		94,461	-	(38,556)				(38,556)		55,905
Fund balances, beginning		35,126		-		35,126		567,132		21,243		588,375		623,501
Prior period adjustment		32,216		1.1		32,216								32,216
Fund balances, beginning, restated	_	67,342			_	67,342	-	567,132		21,243		588,375	-	655,717
Fund balances, ending	\$	161,803	\$		\$	161,803	\$	528,576	\$	21,243	\$	549,819	\$	711,622

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	492,217	\$	525,885	\$	33,668	
Investment earnings		10	-	344	-	334	
Total		492,227		526,229		34,002	
Expenditures:							
Hardware maintenance		174,162		174,161		-1	
Implemental functions		2,000		1,933		67	
Software maintenance		125,875		86,024		39,851	
Telephone		163,494		163,494			
Training		6,439		6,156		283	
Capital outlay		20,257			-	20,257	
Total public safety		492,227		431,768		60,459	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_			94,461		94,461	
Net change in fund balance	\$		_	94,461	\$	94,461	
Fund balance, beginning				35,126			
Prior period adjustment				32,216			
Fund balance, beginning, as restated				67,342			
Fund balance, ending			\$	161,803			

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NORTH CAROLINA HOUSING FINANCE GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		_	-	_	Actual	_			
Au	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		/ariance Positive legative)
\$	175,000	\$	83,664	\$	147,569	\$	231,233	\$	(56,233)
_	175,000	_	83,664		147,569	1	231,233	-	(56,233)
	125,000		38,990		114,570		153,560		(28,560)
	50,000		44,674		32,999		77,673		(27,673)
	175,000		83,664		147,569		231,233	-	(56,233)
\$		\$			*	\$	1	\$	
				_					
				\$					
		Authorization \$ 175,000 175,000 125,000 50,000	<u>Authorization</u> Pr <u>\$ 175,000</u> <u>\$</u> <u>175,000</u> <u>125,000</u> <u>50,000</u>	Authorization Prior Years \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 175,000 \$ 83,664 125,000 38,990 50,000 44,674	Authorization Prior Years Cu \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 \$ 125,000 38,990 \$ 50,000 44,674 \$	Project Prior Years Current Year \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 \$ 147,569 175,000 \$ 83,664 147,569 175,000 \$ 83,664 147,569 125,000 38,990 114,570 50,000 44,674 32,999	Project Prior Years Current Year To \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 \$ 147,569 \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 147,569 \$ 125,000 38,990 114,570 \$ 50,000 44,674 32,999 \$	Project Authorization Prior Years Current Year Total to Date \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 \$ 147,569 \$ 231,233 175,000 83,664 147,569 \$ 231,233 175,000 83,664 147,569 \$ 231,233 125,000 38,990 114,570 153,560 50,000 44,674 32,999 77,673	Project N Authorization Prior Years Current Year Total to Date N \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 \$ 147,569 \$ 231,233 \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 147,569 \$ 231,233 \$ 175,000 \$ 83,664 147,569 \$ 231,233 \$ 125,000 \$ 38,990 114,570 153,560 \$ 50,000 44,674 \$ 32,999 77,673 \$

	_	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		050.000		100.010		50.040	
Land transfer tax Investment earnings	\$	350,000 2,000	\$	406,048 5,396	\$	56,048 3,396	
Total revenues	-	352,000		411,444	_	59,444	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer to other funds Fund balance appropriated		(450,000) 98,000		(450,000)		(98,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(352,000)		(450,000)	_	(98,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$			(38,556)	\$	(38,556)	
Fund balance, beginning			_	567,132			
Fund balance, ending			\$	528,576			

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PERQUIMANS COUNTY TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Occupancy tax	\$ 7,500	\$ 10,644	\$ 3,144
Investment earnings	75	154	79
Other	14,050	2,465	(11,585)
Total revenues	21,625	13,263	(8,362)
Expenditures:			
Economic and physical development	37,075	32,405	4,670
Total expenditures	37,075	32,405	4,670
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,450)	(19,142)	(3,692)
Other financing sources:			
Transfer from General Fund	15,450	15,450	
Total other financing sources	15,450	15,450	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	(3,692)	\$ (3,692)
Fund balance, beginning		22,665	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 18,973	

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continunig basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of the net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Solid Waste Fund -- This fund is used to account for the County's solid waste activities

Water Fund -- This fund is used to account for the County's water operations

Water Capital Improvement Fund -- This fund is used to account for the water supply from Pasquotank County R.O. Plant Project

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SOLID WASTE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services:							
Solid waste fees	\$	940,000	\$	980,492	\$	40,492	
Other revenue		6,500		10,186		3,686	
Non-operating revenues:							
Investment earnings		450	-	1,009	-	559	
Total revenues		946,950		991,687		44,737	
Expenditures:							
Landfill operations:							
Solid waste operations	-	946,950	-	884,737	-	62,213	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		106,950		106,950	
Other financing sources:							
Fund balance appropriated	-		-		-		
Revenues and other financing sources							
over (under) expenditures	\$			106,950	\$	106,950	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:							
Change in net position (full accrual)			\$	106,950			

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Final Budget		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Water sales	\$	1,950,000	\$	2,012,826	\$	62,826
Tap and reconnection fees		64,500		66,200		1,700
Penalties		40,000		47,490		7,490
Other operating revenue		4,500		14,625		10,125
Total operating revenues		2,059,000	_	2,141,141	_	82,141
Non-operating revenues:						
Rent		10,000		5,400		(4,600)
Investment earnings		5,000		12,745		7,745
Federal reimbursement-waterline relocation				25,242		25,242
Total non-operating revenues	-	15,000	_	43,387	-	28,387
Total revenues		2,074,000	_	2,184,528	-	110,528
Expenditures:						
Administration:						
Salaries and employee benefits		538,247		533,837		4,410
Professional services		151,346		133,578		17,768
Indirect costs		100,000		100,000		
Other department expenses	-	301,442		229,609		71,833
Total administration	=	1,091,035	_	997,024	_	94,011
Water purchase	-	300,000	_	325,176		(25,176)
Water distribution and treatment:						
Salt and chemical supplies		158,500		208,040		(49,540)
Insurance and bonds		37,080		37,080		
Utilties		95,000		82,641		12,359
Water sample tests		29,247		27,550		1,697
Sedimentation control		46,634		46,420		214
Repairs and maintenance		218,575		118,856		99,719
Other department expenses		800		409		391
Total water distribution and treatment	-	585,836		520,996		64,840

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt service:			
Debt principal	381,691	381,691	
Interest and fees	38,682	33,886	4,796
Total debt service	420,373	415,577	4,796
Capital Outlay	285,000	239,598	45,402
Total capital outlay	285,000	239,598	45,402
Total expenditures	2,682,244	2,498,371	183,873
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(608,244)	(313,843)	294,401
Other financing sources			
Fund balance appropriated	608,244		608,244
Reveues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures	\$ -	(313,843)	\$ (313,843)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified			
accrual) to full accrual:			
Reconciling items:			
Debt principal		381,691	
Capital outlay		239,598	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pe		27,979	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OF	PEB	2,779	
Increase in net pension liability		(32,816)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - per	nsions	1,371	
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPE	EB	(3,701)	
Decrease in OPEB liability		2,140	
Increase in inventory		51,201	
Decrease in accrued vacation pay		1,999	
Amortization		(759)	
Depreciation		(342,614)	
Interest income from Water Capital Improvement	ent Fund	772	
Total reconciling items		329,640	
Change in net position (full accrual)		\$ 15,797	

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA WATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual							
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenue:										
Non-operating revenue:										
Investment earnings	\$	300	\$	841	\$	772	\$	1,613	\$	1,313
Sales tax refund				-						÷
Total non-operating revenue	-	300	_	841		772		1,613	_	1,313
Expenditures:										
Professional services		-		-				-		
Contingency		1. A. M.					-		÷.	
Capital outlay		140,544	1	28,139		1 ÷. 1		128,139		12,405
Total		140,544	1	28,139		*		128,139	_	12,405
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(140,244)	(1	27,298)		772		(126,526)	-	13,718
Other financing sources:										
Fund balance appropriated		140,244				-			(140,244)
Long-term debt issued				1.				÷		-
Total		140,244		-		×			_(140,244)
Revenues and other financing sources							-			
over (under) expenditures	\$		\$ (1	27,298)	\$	772	\$	(126,526)	\$(126,526)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agency for individual and or other governments.

Agency Funds

- Social Services Fund -- This fund accounts for moneys held by Social Services Department for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.
- Soil and Water Conservation Fund -- This fund accounts for the moneys held by the County for the use in soil and water conservsation projects.
- 4H Fund -- This fund accounts for moneys held by the County for the use in the 4H program.
- Sheriff's Fund -- This fund accounts for moneys held by the County's Sheriff's department for community uses.
- Babe Ruth Fund -- This fund accounts for moneys held by the County for the Babe Ruth baseball leagues.
- Farm Service Fund -- This fund accounts for moneys held by the County for the Perquimans Farm Service agency.
- Deed of Trust Fee Fund -- This fund accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the Register of Deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage and remitted to the State Treasurer on a monthly basis.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		eginning Balance	A	dditions	De	eductions		Ending alance
Social Services					_		-	
Assets:	- 22.5		1.2	Section		1.02 -224	5	12.222
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,075	\$	114,119	\$	115,659	\$	43,535
Liabilities:					0.			
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	45,075	\$	114,119	\$	115,659	\$	43,535
Soil and Water Conservation								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,611	\$	7,414	\$	7,082	\$	7,943
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	7,611	\$	7,414	\$	7,082	\$	7,943
4-H Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,138	\$	11,468	\$	13,464	\$	7,142
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	9,138	\$	11,468	\$	13,464	\$	7,142
Sheriff's Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,019	\$	950	\$	100	\$	1,869
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	1,019	\$	950	\$	100	\$	1,869
Babe Ruth Fund								
Assets:	- Q.,							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	937	\$	33,578	\$	31,348	\$	3,167
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	937	\$	33,578	\$	31,348	\$	3,167
Farm Service Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,444	\$	3,228	\$	3,531	\$	5,141
_iabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	5,444	\$	3,228	\$	3,531	\$	5,141

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	eginning Balance	ļ	dditions	D	eductions	Ending Balance
Deed of Trust Fee Fund						
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	2,082	\$	2,082	\$ 4
Liabilities: Intergovernmental payable-State North Carolina	\$	\$	2,082	\$	2,082	\$
Total All Agency Funds Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 69,224	\$	172,839	\$	173,266	\$ 68,797
Liabilities:						
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$ 69,224	\$	172,839	\$	173,266	\$ 68,797

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additonal information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy
- Schedule of Ten Largest Taxpayers
- Emergency Telephone System Reconcilation

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2019

Year		eginning Balance		Additions	Collections nd Credits	_	Ending Balance
2018-2019	\$	- A.	\$	9,113,652	\$ 8,869,903	\$	243,749
2017-2018		235,057		100	114,476		120,581
2016-2017		111,575			30,889		80,686
2015-2016		87,596			13,116		74,480
2014-2015		72,682			8,447		64,235
2013-2014		61,290		-	5,384		55,906
2012-2013		58,585		÷	6,140		52,445
2011-2012		45,414		1.2	3,421		41,993
2010-2011		32,258			1,682		30,576
2009-2010		27,041		<u>.</u>	1,890		25,151
2008-2009		26,434			26,434		-
	\$	757,932	\$	9,113,652	\$ 9,081,782	\$	789,802
		The second	100				
ess allowance fo	or unco	llected accou	unts: C	General Fund		_	37,000
						\$	
Ad valorm taxes r Reconciliation w Ad valorem taxe	receiva <u>vith rev</u> es - Gei	ible - net: Ge <u>venue:</u>				\$ \$	37,000 752,802 8,667,186
Ad valorm taxes r Reconciliation w Ad valorem taxe Reconciling item	receiva <u>vith rev</u> es - Ger ns:	ible - net: Ge <u>venue:</u>					752,802 8,667,186
Ad valorm taxes of Reconciliation w Ad valorem taxe Reconciling item Taxes written of	receiva <u>vith rev</u> es - Gen ns: off	ible - net: Ge <u>venue:</u>					752,802 8,667,186 17,283
Ad valorm taxes of Reconciliation w Ad valorem taxe Reconciling item Taxes written of Discounts allow	receiva <u>vith rev</u> es - Gen ns: off	ible - net: Ge <u>venue:</u>					752,802 8,667,186
d valorm taxes r teconciliation w Ad valorem taxe Reconciling item Taxes written o	vith rev es - Gen ns: off wed	ible - net: Ge <u>venue:</u> neral Fund					752,802 8,667,186 17,283 744,915

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Cou	nty-wide	6	Total	Levy
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current	¢ 1 491 901 646	0.57	C 0 777 044	¢ 9 047 654	F 700 662
year's rate Penalties	\$ 1,481,821,646	0.57	\$ 8,777,314 2,115	\$ 8,047,651 2,115	\$ 729,663
Total:			8,779,429	8,049,766	729,663
Discoveries: Current year taxes	58,635,614	0.57	334,223	334,223	
Total property valuation:	\$ 1,540,457,260	0.07			
Net levy			\$ 9,113,652	\$ 8,383,989	\$ 729,663
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019			\$ 243,749	\$ 238,643	\$ 5,106
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 8,869,903	\$ 8,145,346	\$ 724,557
Current levy collection percentage			97.33%	97.15%	99.30%

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	Total Assessed Valuation
Desert Wind Farm, LLC	Solar Energy Company	\$ 202,327,677	11.97%
NC Dominion Power	Electric Company	23,964,885	1.42%
Albemarle Electric	Electric Company	20,623,053	1.22%
Weyerhaeuser	Lumber Company	17,749,400	1.05%
Perquimans Development	Real Estate Development	5,471,700	0.32%
NC Virginia Railroad	Railroad Company	5,319,680	0.31%
FPI Carolinas, LLC	Real Estate Development	3,961,300	0.23%
Huang Family, LLC	Real Estate Development	3,219,800	0.19%
Harris Clark	Real Estate Development	2,096,900	0.12%
State Employees	Real Estate Development	2,068,300	0.12%
Carolina Telephone	Telephone Company	2,493,350	0.15%

\$ 289,296,045

17.11%

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget to actual (pg 80) are different from the PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report because:

Net change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Actual	\$	94,461
Expenditures accrued in prior year, expensed in current year	1	
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report Prior period adjustment		35,126 32,216
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report, as restated	-	67,342
Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report	\$	161,803

COMPLIANCE SECTION

DONNA H. WINBORNE, CPA, P.C.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Perquimans County, North Carolina

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Perquimans County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Perquimans County's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 20, 2019. The financial statements of the component unit (Perquimans County Tourism Development Authority) were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing the audit of the financial statements, I considered Perquimans County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Perquimans County's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during the audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Perquimans County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sankle H. Winbonne, CPA DC.

Edenton, North Carolina November 20, 2019



Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Perquimans County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Perquimans County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Perquimans County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Perquimans County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Perquimans County's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted the audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Perquimans County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, the audit does not provide a legal determination of Perquimans County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Perquimans County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of my auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance. My opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Perquimans County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing the audit of

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compliance, I considered Perquimans County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

LEDOVILO, CPA

Edenton, North Carolina November 20, 2019



Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Perquimans County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

I have audited Perquimans County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Perquimans County's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Perquimans County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Perquimans County's major state programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted the audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Perquimans County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, the audit does not provide a legal determination of Perquimans County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In my opinion, Perquimans County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Perquimans County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing the audit of compliance, I considered Perquimans County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

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Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

SUNA H WILDONE, CRA P.C.

Edenton, North Carolina November 20, 2019

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

	ssued on whether the financial statements audited with GAAP; Unmodified	were		
Internal control over finance	ial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) i	dentified?	yes	x	no
Significant Deficiency(ie	s) identified	yes	х	none reported
Noncompliance material to statements noted	financial	yes	x	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major	federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) i	dentified?	yes	x	0
Significant Deficiency(ie	s) identified	yes	x	none reported
Noncompliance material to	federal awards	yes	х	no
Type of auditors' report iss	ued on compliance for major federal programs: Un	nmodified		
Any audit findings disclose to be reported in accord 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		yes	x	no
Identification of major fede	ral programs:			
CFDA Numbers 93.778	Names of Federal Program or Cluster Medical Assistance Program (Title XIX - Medic	aid)		
Dollar threshold used to dia Type A and Type B Prog		\$750,000	-	-22
Auditee qualified as low-ris	k auditee?	X yes		no
State Awards				
Internal control over major	state programs:			
Material weakness(es) in	dentified?	yes	x	no
Significant Deficiency(ie	s) identified	yes	x	none reported

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results (con't)			
Noncompliance material to state awards	yes	X no	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state programs: N/A			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	Xno	
Identification of major State programs:			
CFDA /Grant Numbers Program Name Public School Building Capital Fund - ADM (Lottery)			
Section II. Financial Statement Findings			
None reported.			
Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
None reported.			
Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
None reported.			

PERQUIMANS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding 2018-001

Status: This finding is corrected.

Finding 2018-002

Status: This finding is corrected.

		State/				
	Federal	Pass-through	Federal (Direct			
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	& Pass-through)	State	Passed-through	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
Federal Awards:						
U.S. Department of Agriculture						
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:						
Division of Social Services:						
Administration:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		<u>\$ 179,762</u>	5 -	\$	<u>\$ 179,762</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			179,762			179,762
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development						
Passed through N.C. Housing Finance Agency:						
Single Family Rehabilitation	14.239	SFRLP10	147,569	i		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			147,569			<u> </u>
U.S Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed through the N.C. Dept, of Health and Human Services:						
Division of Social Services:						
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4)						
Title IV-E Foster care optional admin	93.658		17,604		-	17,603
Title IV-E Foster care admin county paid	93.658		11,465	5,733	-	5,733
Title IV-E Foster care 50% ST	93.658		890	890		
Title IV-E Adopt & Vendor	93.658		20,255	4,928		4,928
State Foster Home				2,112		2,112
Total foster care and adoption cluster (Note 4)			50,214	13,663		30,376
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster						- 12 Mil
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)/Work First	93.558		79,938			97,449
Total TANF Cluster			79,938			97,449
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		103,479	· ·		73,792

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Local Expenditures
A star because the set of the set				1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		11
Low-Income Home Energy Asistance:	00 560		10.005			10.40
Administration	93.568		12,025		-	19,48
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568		78,997		5	
LIHEAP Payments	93.568		85,600			40.40
Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance			176,622	<u> </u>		19,48
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:						
Permanency Planning - Families for Kids	93.645		6,344	<u></u>		16,31
Social Services Block Grant - Other Service and Training	93.667		70,252			107,652
Independent Living Transitional - Direct Benefit Payments	93.674		94	23	· · · · ·	
Family Support Payments AFDC	93.560		(13)	(4)		(
Division of Child Development and Early Education:						
Subsidized Child Care (Note 4)						
Child Care Development Fund Cluster						
Division of Social Services:						
Child Care Development Mandatory and Match Fund-Administration	93.596		80,134			
Division of Child Development:			2202.1			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		1,102			
Child Care and Development Fund - Overalloc	55.575		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			(820
Total Child Care Fund Cluster			81,236			(820
Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster (Note 4)			81,236	· ·	<u> </u>	(82)
Passed through the NC Depatment of Health and Human Services:						
Division of Medical Assistance:						
Division of Social Services:						
Administration:			and the second			210 255
Medical assistance program	93.778		570,477			211,719
State Children's Insurance Program-N.C. Health Choice	93.767		20,021			

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		State/				
	Federal	Pass-through	Federal (Direct	anin.	In Later	
irantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	& Pass-through)	State	Passed-through	Local
irantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,158,664	13,682		555,959
U.S. Department of Homeland Security						
Passed through the NC Department of Public Safety						
Division of Emergency Management						
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		19,262	19,262		
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Guides	20.703		10,860	4,600	· · · · ·	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			30,122	23,862		
Total Federal awards			1,516,117	37,544	<u></u> ;	735,721
State awards:						
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services						
Divison of Social Services						Sec. 20
DCD Smart Start				5,960	<u>`</u>	7,362
Office of Emergency Medical Services				0.000		0.010
Child Welfare State In Home Fund Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services				3,306		2,310
N.C. Department of Transportation						
Water Line Reimbursement			1.	25,242		
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety				25,242		
N.C. Department of Public Safety						
Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs: Passed through to Perquimans 20/20 a no	t-for-profit or	ganization	-	64,160	64,160	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program		PROJ009484				-
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety				64,160	64,160	

N. C. Department of Environmental Quality

		5.45				
		State/				
	Federal	Pass-through	Federal (Direct			it and
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	& Pass-through)	State	Passed-through	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
Division of Waste Management						
White Goods Management Program				2,910	-	
Scrap Tire Program				19,047	-	1.1
Soil conservation - Technical Assistance/operation			-	14,707	-	
Soil conservation - Operations				3,600	-	
Solid Waste Management Trust Fund - Community Waste Reduction Grant				10,186	-	1
Range management				2,000		~
Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality				52,450		-
N.C.Department of Insurance						
Division of Seniors' Health Insurance Information			-	3,232		
Total N.C. Department of Insurance				3,232	<u> </u>	رو
N.C.Department of Public Instuction						
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds				393,380	393,380	
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction				393,380	393,380	
FEMA EMS Hazardous Materials Grant - passed through what State Dept???			,	47,620	<u> </u>	
Total State awards				595,350	457,540	9,672
Total Federal & State Awards			<u>\$ 1,516,117</u>	\$ 632,894	\$ 457,540	<u>\$ 745,393</u>

Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures		to Subrecipients	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	& Pass-through)	State	Passed-through	Local
	Federal	Pass-through	Federal (Direct			
		State/				

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Perquimans County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in the SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Perquimans County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Perquimans County.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

Perquimans County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption